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ERRATUM

Erratum to: Cone opsins and response of female chamois (*Rupicapra rupicapra*) to differently coloured raincoats

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The original version of this article inadvertently contained a mistake. The figure captions do not correspond to the correct figures. Below are the correct captions for each figure.

Fig. 1 Distribution of the chamois after the animals took flight from the salt lick (indicated by the *black circle*) after being exposed to a hiker wearing coloured coats on the hiking trail (*dotted line*). The various symbols represent that position of refuge of chamois exposed to red raincoats (*white triangle*), yellow raincoats (*black square*) and blue raincoats (*grey triangle*)

Fig. 2 Morphology of the chamois retina. **a** Semithin section of the outer retina. *Asterisk* photoreceptor inner segments resembling cones. *ONL*, outer nuclear layer; *PIS*, photoreceptor inner segments; *POS*, photoreceptor outer segments; *RPE*, retinal pigment epithelium. **b** Magnification of an area shown in **a**. *Arrow*, rod outer segment with discs containing rhodopsin; *arrowhead*, cone outer segment with discs containing cone opsin. Abbreviations and symbols as in **a**. **c** Semithin section through all layers of the retina of chamois. *TAP*, tapetum; *INL*, inner nuclear layer; *GCL*, ganglion cell layer; *NFL*, nerve fibre layer. Other abbreviations as in **a**. *Scale bars* 50 (**a**), 25 (**b**) and 100 μm (**c**)

Fig. 3 Selective staining of cone photoreceptors in the chamois retina. Immunofluorescence of retinal flatmounts with peanut agglutinin (*green*) and with antibodies raised against short-wavelength cone opsin (JH 455, *red*) (**a**) or middle-wavelength cone opsin (JH 492, *red*) (**b**), respectively. The *orange colour* indicates co-localization. *White arrows* correspond to cone outer segments that were positive for peanut agglutinin only. *Red arrows* correspond to cone outer segments that were positive for both peanut agglutinin and short- (**a**) or middlewavelength (**b**) cone opsins, respectively

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